



Significant People and Places			
<b>Julius Caesar</b>	<b>Emperor Claudius</b>	<b>Boudicca</b>	<b>Tacitus</b>
Born in Rome itself, Caesar was a Roman politician, military general and historian who played a key role in the rise of the Roman Empire.	Born in France, Claudius was a Roman Emperor who led the Roman conquest of Britain during his reign.	Queen of the British Iceni tribe who led an uprising against the occupying forces of the Roman Empire. The name 'Boudicca' is Celtic and means 'victory'.	A senator who is considered to be one of the greatest historians from Roman times. He documented much of Julius Agricola's conquest of Britain.



Glossary		
1	<b>Atrebates</b>	a large tribe from southern Britain
2	<b>barracks</b>	a group of buildings where soldiers live and work
3	<b>Britannia</b>	the Roman name for the southern part of Great Britain
4	<b>Catuvellauni</b>	a tribe from southeastern Britain
5	<b>century</b>	a period of 100 years e.g. the 2nd century is from 100–199AD
6	<b>conquer</b>	when a country or group of take control of land and people
7	<b>decline</b>	when something becomes less in quantity, importance or strength
8	<b>emperor</b>	a man who rules an empire
9	<b>empire</b>	a group of nations that are controlled by the ruler of one country
10	<b>fort</b>	a strong building with a wall or fence around which is safe from enemies
11	<b>Gaul</b>	the Roman name for an ancient part of western Europe
12	<b>Iceni</b>	a tribe from eastern Britain
13	<b>invade</b>	to enter another country by force and with an army
14	<b>legion</b>	a large group of soldiers who form one part of an army
15	<b>legionary</b>	a soldier who belongs to a legion
16	<b>rebel</b>	people who fight against their own country's army
17	<b>romans</b>	citizens who are from Ancient Rome
18	<b>Rome</b>	the capital of the Roman Empire
19	<b>Saxons</b>	members of a West Germanic tribe
20	<b>tribe</b>	a group of people who share a location, language and customs

**What was the Roman Empire?**

The Roman Empire began in Rome and spread across most of Europe and some of Africa and Asia. Over a period of 400 years, most of Britain was part of this empire.



**How were the Romans able to invade?**

The Roman army was the largest fighting force of its time and was both strong and well organised. The fighters were the best equipped and strictly trained — this made them unstoppable.



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<b>Emperor Severus</b>	<b>Emperor Hadrian</b>	<b>Hadrian's Wall</b>	<b>Vindolanda</b>
Born in Libya, Severus was the first of the Severan dynasty. He tried to solve the problem of powerful and rebellious governors in Britain by splitting the province into two different parts.	Born in Italy, Hadrian was a Roman Emperor who is most famous for building 'Hadrian's Wall' in northern Britain.	A 73 mile wall built by the Romans in the north of what is now England to keep out the unconquered people of what is now Scotland. Parts of the wall are still visible today.	A Roman fort built just to the south of Hadrian's Wall. It was under Roman occupation from around 85AD to 370AD. Some of the oldest surviving handwritten documents in Britain were discovered there.